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Attorneys for Monarch Alternative Capital LP, Stonehill Capital Management LLC, and Bayview Fund Management LLC, each in its capacity as investment advisor to certain funds, and for CQS ABS Master Fund Limited and CQS ABS Alpha Master Fund Limited.

## UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re:		)	Chapter 11
Residential Capital, LLC, et al.	•	)	Case No. 12-12020 (MG)
	Debtors.	) ) )	Jointly Administered

NOTICE OF FILING OF MONARCH ALTERNATIVE CAPITAL LP, STONEHILL CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLC, CQS ABS ALPHA MASTER FUND LIMITED, CQS ABS MASTER FUND LIMITED, AND BAYVIEW FUND MANAGEMENT LLC'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE THE TESTIMONY OF ALLEN M. PFEIFFER REGARDING THE DEBTORS' 9019 MOTION (MOTION IN LIMINE THREE)

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to the Scheduling Order [ECF No.], dated August, 2013, entered by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with the Debtors' Motion Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019 for Approval of the Settlement Agreement Among the Debtors, FGIC, the FGIC Trustees, and Certain Individual Investors [ECF No. 3929] (the "9019 Motion"), Monarch Alternative Capital LP, Stonehill Capital Management LLC, and Bayview Fund Management LLC, each in its capacity as investment advisor to certain funds, and CQS

ABS Alpha Master Fund Limited and CQS ABS Master Fund Limited (collectively, the "Investors") hereby file the Investors' Motion in Limine to Preclude the Testimony of Allen M. Pfeiffer Regarding the Debtors' 9019 Motion (In Limine Motion Three).

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that, pursuant to the *Order Regarding Exchange of Confidential Information* [ECF No. 4249] (the "Confidentiality Order"), dated July 16, 2013, entered by the Bankruptcy Court in connection with the 9019 Motion, certain portions of the Motion in Limine are hereby filed in redacted form and under seal. Unredacted copies of the Motion in Limine will be provided to the Bankruptcy Court and served on parties to the Confidentiality Order.

Dated: August 7, 2013 New York, New York

### WILLKIE FARR & GALLAGHER LLP

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Joseph T. Baio

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# UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

	)	
	)	Chapter 11
C, et al.,	)	Case No. 12-12020 (MG)
Debtors.	)	Jointly Administered
	C, et al., Debtors.	)

MONARCH ALTERNATIVE CAPITAL LP, STONEHILL CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LLC, CQS ABS ALPHA MASTER FUND LIMITED, CQS ABS MASTER FUND LIMITED, AND BAYVIEW FUND MANAGEMENT LLC'S MOTION IN LIMINE TO PRECLUDE THE TESTIMONY OF ALLEN M. PFEIFFER REGARDING THE DEBTORS' 9019 MOTION (MOTION IN LIMINE THREE)

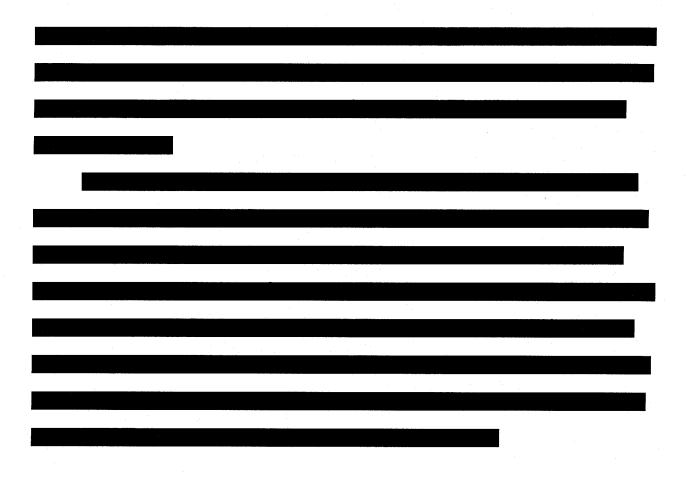
# TO THE HONORABLE MARTIN GLENN, UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE:

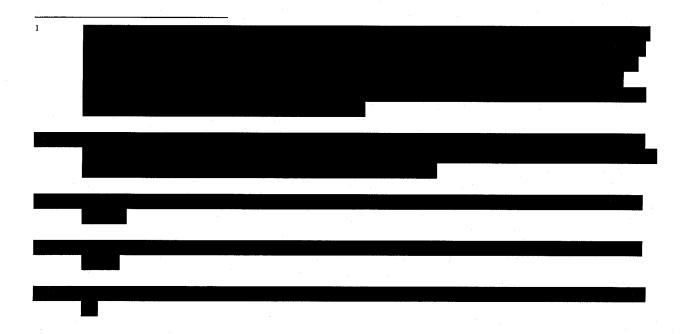
Monarch Alternative Capital LP, Stonehill Capital Management LLC, and Bayview Fund Management LLC, each in its capacity as investment advisor to certain funds, and CQS ABS Alpha Master Fund Limited and CQS ABS Master Fund Limited (collectively, the "Investors") hereby file this motion *in limine* to preclude the expert testimony of Allen M. Pfeiffer regarding the Debtors' Motion Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9019 for Approval of the Settlement Agreement Among the Debtors, FGIC, the FGIC Trustees (the "Trustees") and Certain Institutional Investors (the "9019 Motion").

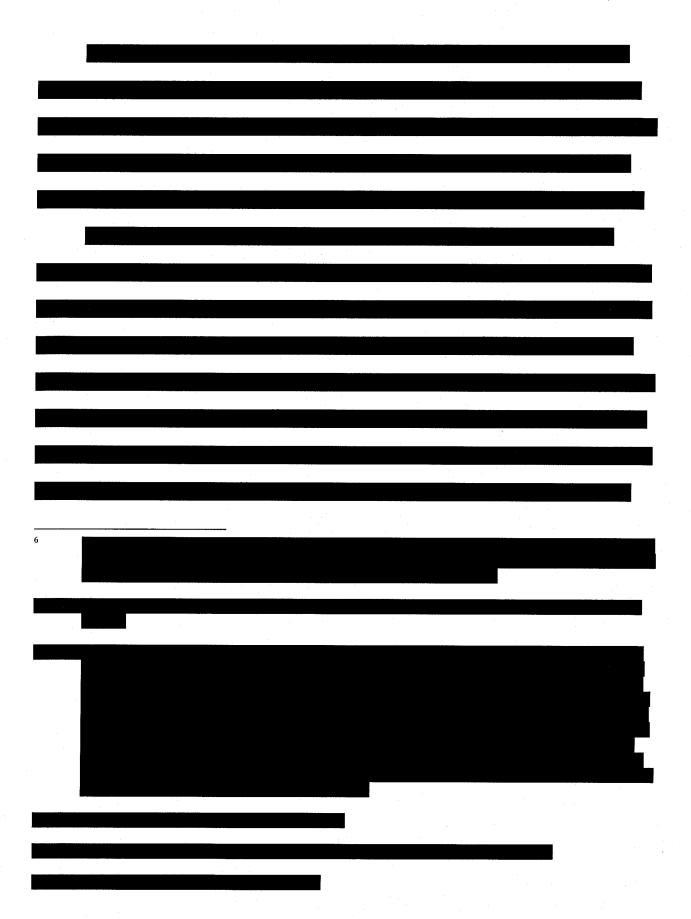
#### PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

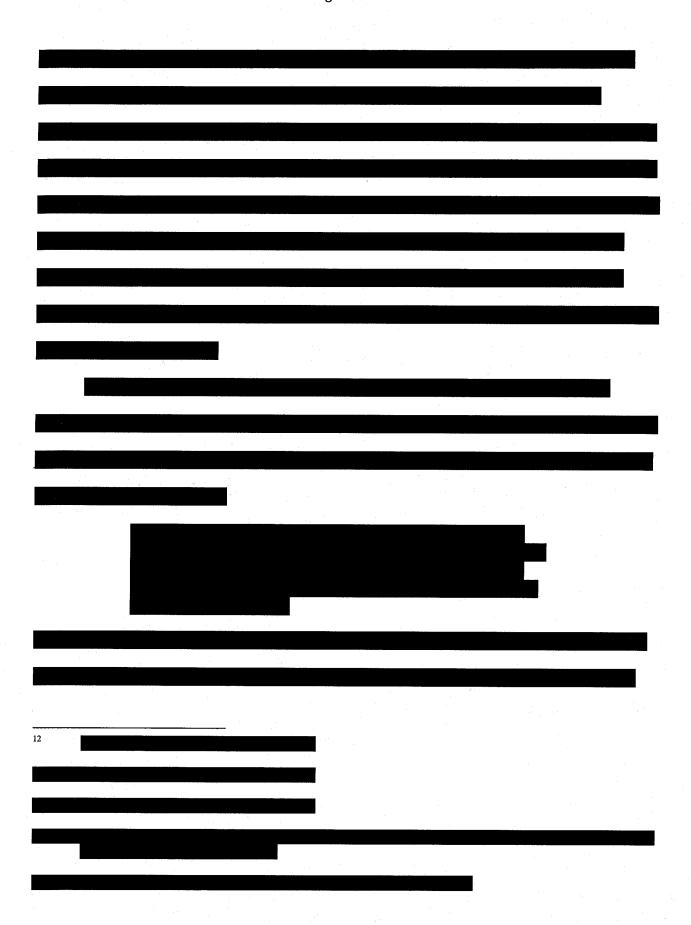
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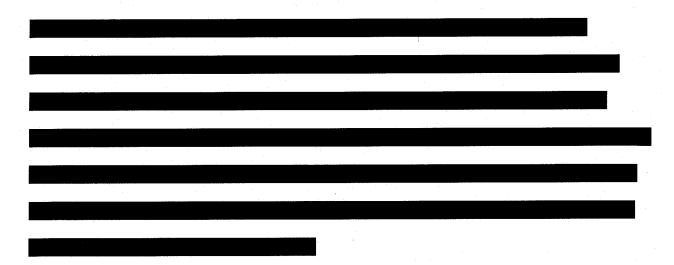
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#### **ARGUMENT**

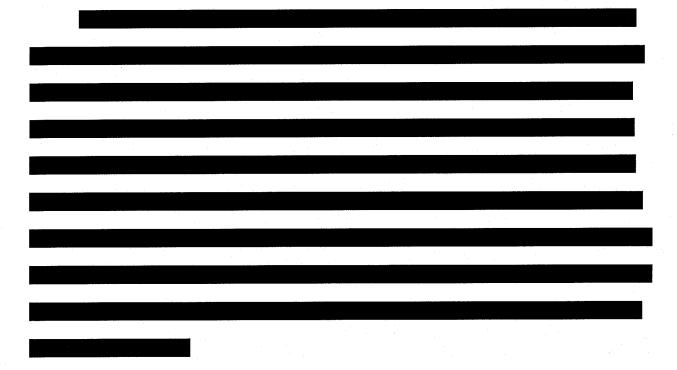
I. Pfeiffer Should Be Precluded From Testifying At Trial Because The Trustees Failed To Abide By Their Expert Disclosure Obligations.

Under the Federal Rules, all "facts or data" considered or relied upon by an expert who is to testify at trial must be disclosed, as well as all "assumptions" the expert utilized in formulating his opinions. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(a)(2) and 26(b)4). This includes the expert's "notes," as well as materials concerning "alternative analyses, testing methods, or approaches to the issues on which [the expert is] testifying, whether or not the expert considered them in forming the opinions expressed. "Advisory Committee Note to the 2010 Amendment of Rule 26(b)(4). Indeed, it is well-established that "material generated by the expert in connection with his report and expert testimony," must be produced, and cannot be withheld on the ground that such materials are protected by the work product privilege because it is "quite clear that Rule 26 does not include within the definition of 'work product' documents generated or consulted by experts in connection with litigation." B.C.F. Oil Refining, Inc. v. Consolidated Edison Co. of New York, Inc. 171 F.R.D. 57, 62 (S.D.N.Y. 1997) (quoting Hewlett-Packard Co. v. Bausch & Lomb, 116 F.R.D. 533, 536 (N.D. Cal. 1987). See also Dongguk University v. Yale University, No. 3:08-

CV-00441, 2011 WL 1935865, at \*1 (D. Conn. 2011) ("as a general matter, an expert's notes are not protected by 26(b)(4)(B) or (C), as they are neither drafts of an expert report nor communications between party's attorney and the expert witness").

Referencing the above Rules and the Advisory Committee Notes respecting their interpretation, this Court made it clear that no expert would be permitted to testify if the required disclosures were not made:

The question now is whether Pfeiffer considered other documents or information ... that have not been disclosed through document production or deposition testimony. If the answer is no, then Pfeiffer may testify at trial. If the answer is yes, then Pfeiffer may not testify at trial unless the addition documents or information is disclosed.<sup>18</sup>

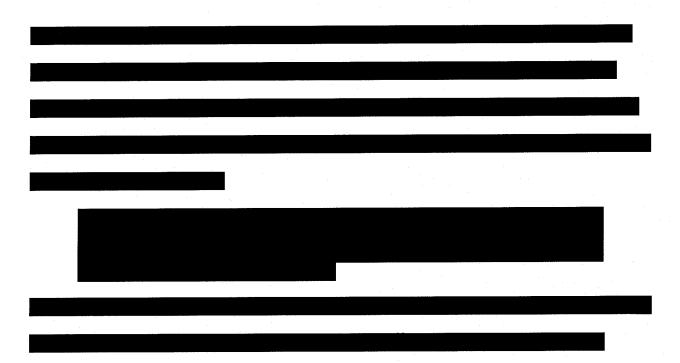


Similarly, where a testifying expert has "reviewed documents in his role as an expert that he previously had reviewed in his role as consultant, the delineation between those roles would become blurred and those documents would be discoverable." *Grace A. Detwiler Trust v.* 

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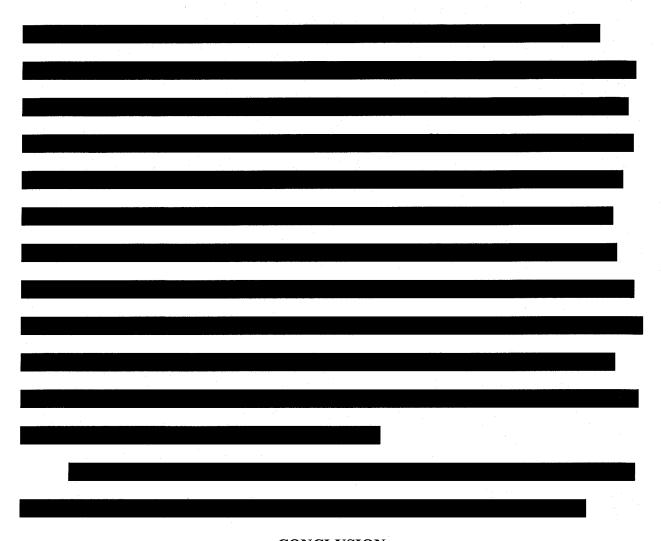
Offenbecher, 124 F.R.D. 545, 546 (S.D.N.Y. 1989). Documents considered by a testifying expert during his consulting engagement are only shielded where such expert is "retained to testify and in addition to advise counsel outside the subject of his testimony." Beverage Mktg. Corp. v. Ogilvy & Mather, Direct Response, Inc., 563 F. Supp. 1013, 1014 (S.D.N.Y. 1983) (emphasis added); In re Air Crash at Dubrovnik, No. MDL 1180, 2001 WL 777433, at \*3 (D. Conn. 2001) (where "an expert is retained as both a consultant and a testifying witness, the work-product doctrine may be invoked to protect work completed by the expert in [his] consultative capacity as long as there exists a clear distinction between the two roles.").

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Under Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(c)(1), "[i]f a party fails to provide information ... as required by Rule 26(a) ... the party is not allowed to use that information or witness to supply evidence ... at a hearing or a trial, unless the failure was substantially justified or is harmless." *See also Millennium Pipeline Co., L.L.C. v. Certain Permanent and Temporary Easements*, --- F. Supp. 2d ---, 2013 WL 310403, at \*2-3 (W.D.N.Y. 2013) (court precluded the defendant from offering testimony of his purported expert witness where the witness, *inter alia*, did not identify the facts or data considered by the witness in forming his opinions, and noted that "[a] party that fails to satisfy the Rule 26 disclosure requirements without justification is precluded from offering expert witnesses at trial") (quoting *Smolowitz v. Sherwin-Williams Co.*, No.. 02-CV-5940, 2008 WL 4862981, at \*3 (E.D.N.Y. 2008)).

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### CONCLUSION

WHEREFORE, the Investors respectfully request that the Court enter an Order precluding Mr. Pfeiffer from offering expert testimony at the hearing regarding the 9019 Motion to be held on August 16 and August 19, 2013.

24

Dated: August 7, 2013

New York, New York

### WILLKIE FARR & GALLAGHER LLP

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